

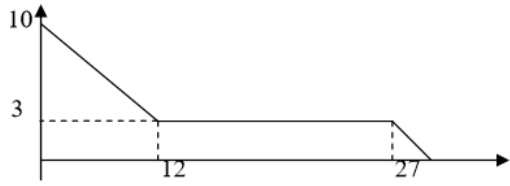


Travel Graphs - Edexcel Past Exam Questions **MARK SCHEME**

Question 1: Jan 05 Q3

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
(a)	Distance = $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 9 + 16 \times 9$ or $\frac{1}{2} (20 + 16) \times 9$ $= \underline{162 \text{ m}}$	M1 A1 (2)
(b)	Distance over last 5 s = $\frac{1}{2}(9 + u) \times 5$ $162 + \frac{1}{2}(9 + u) \times 5 = 200$ $\Rightarrow u = \underline{6.2 \text{ m s}^{-1}}$	M1 M1 A1√ A1 (4)
(c)	$6.2 = 9 + 5a$ $a = (-) \underline{0.56 \text{ m s}^{-2}}$	M1 A1√ A1 (3)

Question 2: June 05 Q5

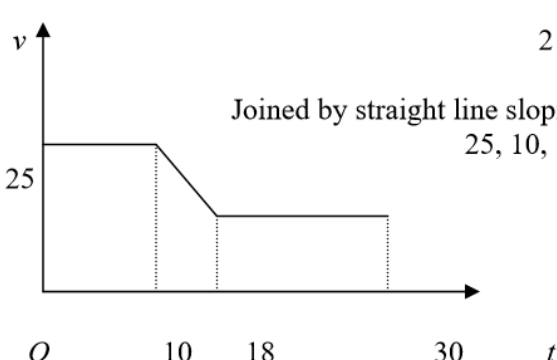
	<p>(a) </p> <p style="text-align: right;">Shape $0 < t < 12$ Shape $t > 12$ Figures</p> <p>(b) Distance in 1st 12 s = $\frac{1}{2} \times (10 + 3) \times 12$ or $(3 \times 12) + \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 7$ = <u>78 m</u></p> <p>(c) either distance from $t = 12$ to $t = 27 = 15 \times 3 = 45$ \therefore distance in last section = $135 - 45 = 12$ m $\frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times t = 12,$ $\Rightarrow t = 8$ s hence total time = $27 + 8 = \underline{35}$ s</p> <p>or Distance remaining after 12 s = $135 - 78 = 57$ m $\frac{1}{2} \times (15 + 15 + t) \times 3 = 57$ $\Rightarrow t = 8$ Hence total time = $27 + 8 = \underline{35}$ s</p>	<p>B1 B1 B1 (3) M1 A1 (2) B1√ M1 A1√ A1 A1 (5) B1√ M1 A1√ A1 A1</p>
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Question 3: June 06 Q1

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
	<p>(a) Constant acceleration</p> <p>(b) Constant speed/velocity</p> <p>(c) Distance = $\frac{1}{2}(2 + 5) \times 3, + (4 \times 5)$ $= \underline{30.5 \text{ m}}$</p> <hr/> <p>(a) and (b) Accept 'steady' instead of 'constant. Allow 'o.e.' (= 'or equivalent') within reason! But must have idea of constant. 'constant speed and constant acceleration' for (a) or (b) is B0</p> <p>(c) M1 for valid attempt at area of <i>this</i> trap. as area of a trap. Or this trap. as = triangle + rectangle, i.e. correct formula used with at most a slip in numbers.</p> <p>B1 for area of rectangle as 5 x 4</p> <p>Treating whole as a single const acceln situation, or whole as a single trapezium, is M0.</p> <p>If assume that top speed is 5.1 or 5.2, allow full marks on f.t. basis (but must be consistent)</p>	<p>B1 (1)</p> <p>B1 (1)</p> <p>M1 A1, B1</p> <p>A1 (4)</p>

Question 4: June 07 Q4

	<p>(a)</p>  <p>2 horizontal lines</p> <p>Joined by straight line sloping down</p> <p>25, 10, 18, 30 oe</p> <p>(b) $25 \times 10 + \frac{1}{2}(25 + V) \times 8 + 12 \times V = 526$ Solving to $V = 11$</p> <p>(c) "$v = u + at$" $\Rightarrow 11 = 25 - 8a$ ft their V $a = 1.75 \text{ (ms}^{-2}\text{)}$</p>	<p>B1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>B1 (3)</p> <p>M1 A1 A1</p> <p>DM1 A1 (5)</p> <p>M1 A1ft</p> <p>A1 (3)</p> <p>[11]</p>
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Question 5: Jan 08 Q3

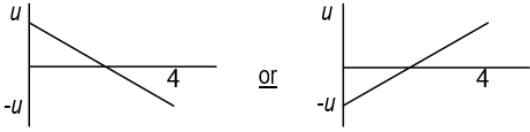
Question Number	Scheme	Marks
(a)		B1 B1 B1 (3)
(b)	$\frac{1}{2}(15 + 5) \times t = 120$ $\Rightarrow t = 12 \rightarrow T = 12 + 16 + 22 = \underline{50 \text{ s}}$	M1 M1 A1 (3)
(c)	$120 + \frac{1}{2}(V + 5) \cdot 16 + 22V = 1000$ $\text{Solve: } 30V = 840 \Rightarrow V = \underline{28}$	M1 <u>B1</u> A1 DM1 A1 (5) 11

Question 6: June 08 Q4

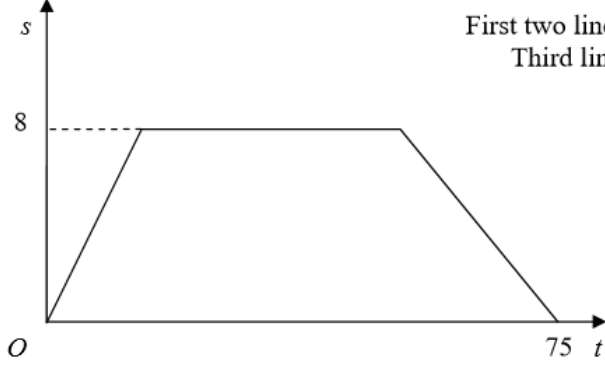
(a)		B1 B1 (2)
(b)	$30 \times 25 + \frac{1}{2}(25 + 10)t + 10(60 - t) = 1410$ $7.5t = 60$ $t = 8 \text{ (s)}$ $a = \frac{25 - 10}{8} = 1.875 \text{ (ms}^{-2}\text{)}$	M1 <u>A1</u> A1 DM1 A1 M1 A1 (7) [9]



Question 7: Jan 09 Q2

(a)		<p>shape B1</p> <p>values B1 (2)</p>
(b)	$19.6 = \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \times u$ $u = 19.6$	<p>M1 A1</p> <p>A1 (3)</p> <p>[5]</p>

Question 8: Jan 10 Q2

(a)	 <p>First two line segments B1</p> <p>Third line segment B1</p> <p>8, 75 B1 (3)</p>	
(b)	$\frac{1}{2} \times 8 \times (T + 75) = 500$ <p>Solving to $T = 50$</p>	<p>M1 A2 (1,0)</p> <p>DM1 A1 (5)</p> <p>[8]</p>

Question 9: June 10 Q5

<p>(a)</p>		<p>Shape (both) Cross Meet on t-axis Figures 25,20,T,25</p>	<p>B1 B1 B1 B1 (4)</p>
<p>(b)</p>	<p>For Q: $20\left(\frac{t+25}{2}\right) = 800$ $t = 55$</p> <p>For P: $25\left(\frac{T+55}{2}\right) = 800$ solving for T: $T = 9$</p>		<p>M1 A1 DM1 A1 M1 A1 DM1 A1 (8) [12]</p>

Question 10: Jan 11 Q5

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
<p>(a) (i)</p>		<p>1st section correct 2nd & 3rd sections correct Numbers and v marked correctly on the axes.</p>
<p>(ii)</p>		<p>1st section correct 2nd section correct 3rd section correct and no "extras" on the sketch</p>
<p>(b)</p>	$\frac{70+40}{2} \times v = 880$ $v = 880 \times \frac{2}{110} = 16$	<p>M1 A1 DM1 A1 (4) [10]</p>