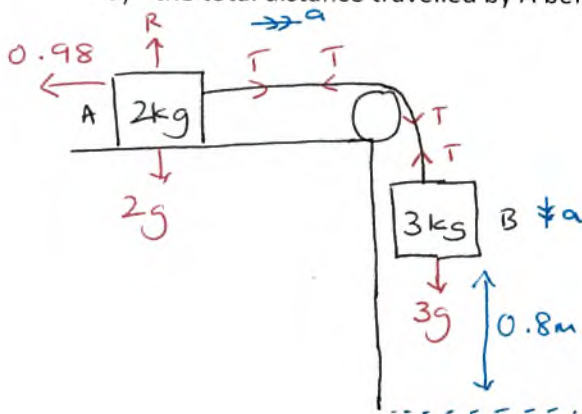


Horizontal & Vertical String - Exam Style Questions **SOLUTIONS**

1. Two particles A and B of masses 2 kg and 3 kg respectively are connected by a light inextensible string passing over a small smooth pulley. Particle A lies on a rough horizontal table and experiences a frictional force 0.98 N. Particle B hangs freely, with the string taut, and is 0.8 m above the horizontal ground. The system is released from rest. Find:
- the acceleration of the system (3 marks)
  - the tension in the string (3 marks)
  - the speed of B as it hits the ground (2 marks)
  - the total distance travelled by A before it comes to rest. (5 marks)



a, Consider A only, ( $\rightarrow$ )  
Using  $F=ma$

$$T - 0.98 = 2a \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

Consider B only, ( $\downarrow$ )  
Using  $F=ma$

$$3g - T = 3a \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

Adding (1)  $\times$  (2)

$$\Rightarrow 3g - 0.98 = 5a$$

$$28.42 = 5a$$

$$a = \frac{2}{5}g$$

$$= \underline{\underline{5.684 \text{ m s}^{-2}}}$$

b, Sub  $a = 3.92$  in (1)

$$\Rightarrow T - 0.98 = 2(5.684)$$

$$T = \underline{\underline{12.35 \text{ N}}} \quad (\text{2 S.F.})$$

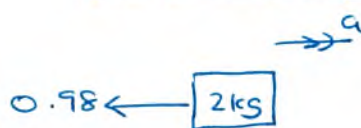
c) Consider B only

$$\begin{aligned} (\downarrow) \quad & s = 0.8 \\ & u = 0 \quad \leftarrow \text{released from rest} \\ & v = ? \\ & a = 5.684 \\ & t \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Using } v^2 &= u^2 + 2as \\ &= 0 + 2(5.684)(0.8) \\ v &= \sqrt{9.0944} \\ &= 3.015\dots\dots \\ &= \underline{\underline{3.0 \text{ ms}^{-1} \text{ (2 S.F.)}}} \end{aligned}$$

d) When B hits the ground  $\Rightarrow$  string becomes slack  
 $\Rightarrow$  NO TENSION  
 $\Rightarrow$  WE NEED TO FIND NEW 'A'

Consider A only



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Using } F &= ma \quad (\rightarrow) \\ -0.98 &= 2a \\ a &= -0.49 \text{ ms}^{-2} \end{aligned}$$

Finding the distance travelled by A when it comes to rest

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \text{Using } v^2 &= u^2 + 2as \\ 0 &= (\sqrt{9.0944})^2 + 2(-0.49)s \\ s &= 3.04\dots\dots \text{m} \end{aligned} \quad \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{For A } s = ? \\ u = \text{speed of B} = \sqrt{9.09\dots} \\ v = 0 \\ a = \text{new acc} = -0.49 \\ t \end{array} \right]$$

When B strikes the ground, it has travelled a distance of 0.8 m

$\Rightarrow$  A would also travel a distance of 0.8 m

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{Total distance travelled} &= 0.8 + 3.04\dots\dots \\ \text{by A} &= \underline{\underline{3.8 \text{ m (2 S.F.)}}} \end{aligned}$$

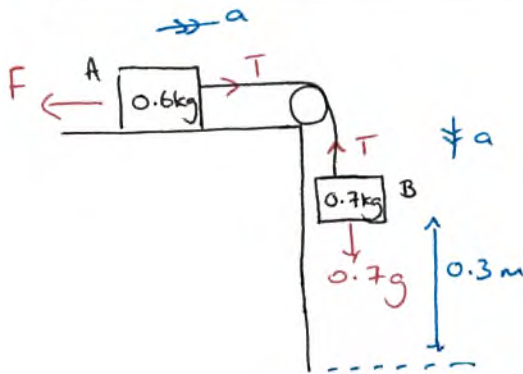


2. A block A of mass 600 g rests on a rough horizontal table and is connected by a light inextensible string passing over a smooth pulley fixed at the edge of the table. The other end of the string is attached to a ball of mass 700 g which hangs freely below the pulley. Block A experiences a resistance force of constant magnitude  $F$  N. The system is released from rest with the string taut. After release, B descends a distance of 0.3 m in 0.4 s. By writing down separate equations of motion A and B, calculate:

- a) the tension in the string (4 marks)  
b) the value of  $F$  (3 marks)

Assuming that B does not rebound when it hits the ground,

- (c) find the total distance travelled by A before it comes to rest. (6 marks)



a) Finding acc<sup>n</sup> of system

For B

$$s = 0.3$$

$$u = 0$$

$$v = ?$$

$$a = ?$$

$$t = 0.4$$

Using  $s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$

$$0.3 = 0 + \frac{1}{2}a(0.4)^2$$

$$a = 3.75 \text{ m/s}^2$$

b) Consider B only

$$(\downarrow) F = ma$$

$$0.7g - T = 0.7(3.75)$$

$$T = 4.235 \text{ N}$$

$$T = 4.2 \text{ N (2 S.F.)}$$

c) Consider A

$$(\rightarrow) F = ma$$

$$T - F = 0.6 \times 3.75$$

$$4.235 - F = 2.25$$

$$F = 1.985 \text{ N}$$

c) Finding the speed of B as it hits the ground

⇒ (↓) Consider B

$$s = 0.3$$

$$u = 0$$

$$v = ?$$

$$a = 3.75$$

$$t =$$

Using  $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$

$$v^2 = 0 + 2(3.75)(0.3)$$

$$v = \sqrt{2.25}$$

$$v = 1.5 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

When B hits the ground, string becomes slack

⇒ NO TENSION

⇒ NEED TO FIND NEW 'A'

Finding new acceleration (acc<sup>n</sup> of A)

⇒ Consider A

$$F = 1.985$$



0.6kg

(→) Using  $F = ma$

$$-1.985 = 0.6a$$

$$a = -\frac{397}{120} \text{ m s}^{-2}$$

Finding the distance when A comes to rest

⇒

$$s = ?$$

$$u = \text{speed of B} = 1.5$$

$$v = 0$$

$$a = \text{new acc} = -\frac{397}{120}$$

$$t =$$

Using  $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$

$$0 = (1.5)^2 + 2\left(-\frac{397}{120}\right)s$$

$$s = 0.340 \dots$$

When B hits the ground, it travels a distance 0.3m

⇒ A would also travel 0.3m

$$\therefore \text{Total distance travelled} = 0.3 + 0.340 \dots$$

by A

$$= 0.640 \dots$$

$$= 0.64 \text{ (2 s.f.)}$$